MOSSTYPE

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Safety Data Sheet

Section I Identification

Manufacturer
Mosstype Corporation
150 Franklin Turnpike
Waldwick, NJ 07463
201-444-8000

Emergency Telephone Number
1-800-255-3924 (Chem-Tel)
Technical & SDS Information
201-444-8000
Preparation Date
04/08/2024
Product Identification
7640 0404 30

Recommended use: Proofing Print Plates
Product Name:
Proofing Ink - White

Section 2 Hazards Identification

OSHA/HCS status: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the: substance or mixture
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) Category 2

GHS Label elements
Hazard pictograms

Signal Word :Warning
Hazard statements :Combustible liquid.
Harmful if swallowed
Causes serious eye irritation.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

Section 3 Composition/ Information on Ingredients

Substance/mixture: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS Number
2,2'-oxybisethanol	≥10 - ≤ 25	111-46-6
2,2'-oxybisethanol	≤ 5	111-46-6
2-aminoethanol	<3	141-43-5

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4 First Aid Measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5 Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical CO2, water spray(fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, metal oxides/oxides.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6 Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in “For non-emergency personnel”.

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: See Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7 Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Storage temperature 5 to 35 deg. C (41 to 95 deg F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8 Exposure Controls/ Personal Protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2,2’ - oxybisethanol	**AIHA WEEL (United States, 4/2022).** TWA: 10 mg/m3 8 hours.
2,2’- oxybisethanol	**AIHA WEEL (United States, 4/2022)**. TWA: 10 mg/m3 8 hours.
2-aminoethanol	**ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).** STEL: 15 mg/m3 15 minutes STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes TWA: 7.5 mg/m3 8 hours TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours **NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).** STEL: 15mg/m3 15 minutes STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes TWA: 8 mg/m3 10 hours TWA: 3 ppm 10 hours **OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).** TWA: 6 mg/m3 8 hours TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours **OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).** STEL: 15 mg/m3 15 minutes STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes TWA: 8 mg/m3 8 hours TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours

CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
STEL: 15 mg/m3 15 minutes
STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes
TWA: 8 mg/m3 8 hours
TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours

Appropriate engineering controls : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gasses or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. Is should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid
Color	: White
Odor	: Not available
Odor threshold	: Not available
pH	: 8 to 9
Melt point/Freeze point	: Not available
Boiling point	: Not available
Flash point	: Between 61 deg C(142 deg F) & 93.3 deg C (200 deg F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available
Lower & upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available
Vapor pressure	: Not available
Vapor density	: Not available
Relative density	: Not available
Solubility	: Not available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available
Decomposition temperature	: Not available
Viscosity	: Not available
Density	: 100.08 lbs/gal

VOC data

VOC % by weight	: 31.33
VOC % by volume	: 100
VOC lbs/gallon	: 31.37
VOC lbs/gal less water	: 31.4

Section 10 Reactivity and Stability

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11 Toxicological Information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2,2'-oxybisethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	11890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	12000 mg/kg	-
2,2'-oxybisethanol	LC50 Inhalation dusts & mists	Rat	>4.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	11890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	12000 mg/kg	-
2-aminoethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1720 mg/kg	1

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-aminoethanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2,2'-oxybisethanol	Category 2	Inhalation	Not determined

Aspiration hazard
Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness
Inhalation : No specific data
Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness
Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects
Not available

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity
Numerical measures of toxicity
Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gasses) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts & mists) (mg/l)
N/A	1709.0	37722.5	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,2' oxybisethanol	500	11890	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,2' oxybisethanol	500	11890	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-aminoethanol	1720	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12 Ecological Information

Toxicity
Not available.
Persistence and degradability
Not available.
Bioaccumulative potential
Not available.
Mobility in soil
Not available.
Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13 Disposal Considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14 Transportation Information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN Number	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
UN proper shipping name	Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (substances)			
Transport hazard Class(es)	Combustible liquid			
Packing group	III			
Environmental hazards	no			

Additional information - Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials.
Limited quantity: yes
Packaging instructions: Exceptions: 150. Non-bulk: 203 Bulk: 241
Quantity limitation: Passenger aircraft/rail: 60L Cargo aircraft: 220L
Special provisions: 148, IB3, T1,TP1

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15 Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal regulations :All components of this product are listed as active or exempt from TSCA chemical inventory.

SARA 311/312

Classification :FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - CATEGORY 4
ACUTE TOXICITY(ORAL)-CATEGORY 4
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION -CATEGORY 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - CATEGORY 2
SKIN SENSITIZATION - CATEGORY 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - CATEGORY 2

CERCLA

CERCLA: HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES: NO PRODUCTS WERE FOUND.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to Titanium dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

International Regulations

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : None of the components are listed.
CEPA Toxic Substances : None of the components are listed.
Canada Inventory : Not determined.

Section 16 Other Information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flammable liquids - Category 4	On basis of test data
Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4	Calculation method
Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2	Calculation method
Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2A	Calculation method
Skin sensitization - Category 1	Calculation method
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2	Calculation method

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Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Not classified.	

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow= Logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. (“Marpol” = marine pollution)
N/A = Not available
SGG = Segregation Group
UN = United Nations